Total Hardness Code: XL-101 L

Range: 1 - 20, 5 - 100 ppm as CaCO₃

AQUA-XLWater Analysing Kits

Directions for use:

- 1. Take 20 ml of water sample to be tested in the Test jar.
- 2. Add 1 Flat micro spoon full of Reagent TH-1.
- 3. Mix contents well to dissolve.
- 4. Add 8 drops of Reagent TH-2 and mix well.
- 5. If colour turns blue, it indicates there is no hardness in the water.
- 6. If colour turns red, it indicates there is hardness.
- 7. Now drop wise add Reagent TH-3L, counting the number of drops while mixing **until the colour changes from RED to BLUE.**

If the expected Hardness of the test sample is more than 20 ppm, then take 10 ml sample & use Reagent TH-4 instead of Reagent TH-3L.

Calculations:

Total Hardness as ppm $CaCO_3 = 1 \times Number$ of drops of Reagent TH-3L. Total Hardness as ppm $CaCO_3 = 5 \times Number$ of drops of Reagent TH-4.

Total Hardness Code : XL-101

Range: 2 - 40 & 5 - 100 ppm as CaCO₃

AQUA-XL

Water Analysing Kits

Directions for use:

- 1. Take 10 ml of water sample to be tested in the Test jar.
- 2. Add 1 Flat micro spoon full of Reagent TH-1.
- 3. Mix contents well to dissolve.
- 4. Add 6 drops of Reagent TH-2 and mix well.
- 5. If colour turns blue, it indicates there is no hardness in the water.
- 6. If colour turns red, it indicates there is hardness.
- 7. Now drop wise add Reagent TH-3, counting the number of drops while mixing **until the colour changes from RED to BLUE.**

If the expected Hardness of the test sample is more than 40 ppm, then use Reagent TH-4 instead of Reagent TH-3.

Calculations:

Total Hardness as ppm $CaCO_3 = 2 x$ Number of drops of Reagent TH-3. Total Hardness as ppm $CaCO_3 = 5 x$ Number of drops of Reagent TH-4.

Total Hardness Code : XL-111

Range: $5 - 100 \& 25 - 500 ppm \ as \ CaCO_3$

AQUA-XL Water Analysing Kits

Directions for use:

- 1. Take 10 ml of water sample to be tested in the Test jar.
- 2. Add 1 Flat micro spoon full of Reagent TH-1.
- 3. Mix contents well to dissolve.
- 4. Add 6 drops of Reagent TH-2 and mix well.
- 5. If colour turns blue, it indicates there is no hardness in the water.
- 6. If colour turns red, it indicates there is hardness.
- 7. Now drop wise add Reagent TH- 4, counting the number of drops while mixing **until the colour changes from RED to BLUE.**
- # If the expected Hardness of the test sample is more than 100 ppm, then use Reagent TH-5 instead of Reagent TH-4.

Calculations:

Total Hardness as ppm $CaCO_3 = 5 \times Number$ of drops of Reagent TH-4. Total Hardness as ppm $CaCO_3 = 25 \times Number$ of drops of Reagent TH-5.

Total Hardness Code : XL-121

Range: 2 - 40 & 25 - 500 ppm as CaCO₃

AQUA-XLWater Analysing Kits

Directions for use:

- 1. Take 10 ml of water sample to be tested in the Test jar.
- 2. Add 1 Flat micro spoon full of Reagent TH-1.
- 3. Mix contents well to dissolve.
- 4. Add 6 drops of Reagent TH-2 and mix well.
- 5. If colour turns blue, it indicates there is no hardness in the water.
- 6. If colour turns red, it indicates there is hardness.
- 7. Now drop wise add Reagent TH- 3, counting the number of drops while mixing **until the colour changes from RED to BLUE.**
- # If the expected Hardness of the test sample is more than 40 ppm, then use Reagent TH-5 instead of Reagent TH-3.

Calculations:

Total Hardness as ppm $CaCO_3 = 2 x$ Number of drops of Reagent TH-3. Total Hardness as ppm $CaCO_3 = 25 x$ Number of drops of Reagent TH-5. Total Hardness Code : XL-121 H

Range: 2 - 40 & 50 – 1500 ppm as CaCO₃

AQUA-XL
Water Analysing
Kits

Directions for use:

- 1. Take 10 ml of water sample to be tested in the Test jar.
- 2. Add 1 Flat micro spoon full of Reagent TH-1.
- 3. Mix contents well to dissolve.
- 4. Add 6 drops of Reagent TH-2 and mix well.
- 5. If colour turns blue, it indicates there is no hardness in the water.
- 6. If colour turns red, it indicates there is hardness.
- 7. Now drop wise add Reagent TH- 3, counting the number of drops while mixing **until the colour changes from RED to BLUE.**
- # If the expected Hardness of the test sample is more than 40 ppm, then take 5 ml of sample instead of 10 ml and use Reagent TH-5 instead of Reagent TH-3.

Calculations:

Total Hardness as ppm $CaCO_3 = 2 x$ Number of drops of Reagent TH-3. Total Hardness as ppm $CaCO_3 = 50 x$ Number of drops of Reagent TH-5.

Total Hardness Code : XL-111H

Range: $5 - 100 \& 50 - 1000 ppm as CaCO_3$

AQUA-XLWater Analysing Kits

Directions for use:

- 1. Take 10 ml of water sample to be tested in the Test jar.
- 2. Add 1 Flat micro spoon full of Reagent TH-1.
- 3. Mix contents well to dissolve.
- 4. Add 6 drops of Reagent TH-2 and mix well.
- 5. If colour turns blue, it indicates there is no hardness in the water.
- 6. If colour turns red, it indicates there is hardness.
- 7. Now drop wise add Reagent TH- 4, counting the number of drops while mixing **until the colour changes from RED to BLUE.**

If the expected Hardness of the test sample is more than 100 ppm, then take 5 ml sample and use Reagent TH-5 instead of Reagent TH-4.

Calculations:

Total Hardness as ppm $CaCO_3 = 5 x$ Number of drops of Reagent TH-4. Total Hardness as ppm $CaCO_3 = 50 x$ Number of drops of Reagent TH-5.